## 1. Viral clearance



Fig 1a Effect of VEDICINALS-9 on COVID-19 positive patient's turning negative in days (RT-PCR) from day 0 to 14. Data interpret following: comparison of number of patients turning negative in0-4, 5-11 and 12-14 days, when vedicinals-9 (5000mg) adjuvant with standard intervention compared with standard intervention alone. Data represented as change in expected and observed values in two comparable interventional group (n=62 per group). Significant at \*P<0.05, when compared before and after intervention at 0-4, 5-11 and 12-14 daysin both interventional groups. [Chi-Square test for proportions].

The percentage of COVID-19 positive patient's (RT-PCR) turning negative in 0-4, 5-11, 12-14 days were 29.03%, 48.39% and remaining 22.58% respectively in Vedicainals-9 adjuvant group compared to the standard treatment alone group 1.61%, 37.10% and remaining 61.29% respectively. The results show more patients getting negative in first 5 days in Vedicainals-9 adjuvant group compared to standard alone group.



Fig 1b Cumulative no. of COVID-19 patients turning negative in days (RT-PCR)

2. CRP

## **C-Reactive Protein (CRP)**



Fig 2 Effect of VEDICINALS-9 on serum CRP levels (mg/L) of COVID-19 positive patients from day 0 to 5, 12 and 45. Data interpret following: comparison of serum CRP levels (mg/L) from day 0 to 5, 12 and 45, when vedicinals-9 (5000mg) adjuvant with standard intervention compared with standard intervention alone. Data represented as change in serum CRP levels (Mean  $\pm$  SEM) in two comparable interventional group (n=62 per group). Significant at \*p<0.05, \*\*p<0.01, \*\*\*p<0.001 when compared before and after intervention at day 5, 12 and 45 in both interventional groups. [One-way ANOVA followed by dunnett's multiple comparison test]

The improvement (decrease) in mean serum CRP levels (mg/L) of COVID-19 positive patients from day 0 to 5, 12 and 45was significant ( $10.29\pm1.44$  to  $6.93\pm0.47$ , \*\*\*P<0.001), ( $5.04\pm0.32$ , \*\*\*P<0.001) and ( $3.33\pm0.18$ , \*\*\*P<0.001)in Vedicainals-9 adjuvant group compared to the standard treatment alone ( $12.04\pm0.87$  to  $9.23\pm0.49$ , \*\*P<0.01), ( $5.15\pm0.32$ , \*\*\*P<0.001) and ( $3.54\pm0.18$ , \*\*\*P<0.001).

3. Total Antibody



Fig 3 Effect of VEDICINALS-9 on serum Total antibody levels of COVID-19 positive patients from day 0 to 5, 12 and 45. Data interpret following: comparison of serum Total antibody levels from day 0 to 5, 12

and 45, when vedicinals-9 (5000mg) adjuvant with standard intervention compared with standard intervention alone. Data represented as change in serum Total antibody levels (Mean  $\pm$  SEM) in two comparable interventional group (n=62 per group). Significant at \*p<0.05, \*\*p<0.01, \*\*\*p<0.001, when compared before and after intervention at day 5, 12 and 45 in both interventional groups. [One-way ANOVA followed by dunnett's multiple comparison test]

The improvement (Increase) in mean serum Total antibody levels (g/L) of COVID-19 positive patients from day 0 to 5, 12 and 45was significant (2.61±0.42 to 5.02±0.47, 5.97±0.46 and 13.64±1.44, \*p<0.05, \*p<0.05\*\*p<0.01)in Vedicainals-9 adjuvant group compared to the standard treatment alone (1.92±0.37to 3.64±0.72, 3.63±0.27 and 11.23±1.15, p>0.05(ns), p>0.05(ns) and \*\*p<0.01).



Fig 4 Effect of VEDICINALS-9 on serum IL-6 levels (pg/mL) of COVID-19 positive patients from day 0 to 5, 12 and 45. Data interpret following: comparison of serum IL-6 levels (pg/mL) from day 0 to 5, 12 and 45, when vedicinals-9 (5000mg) adjuvant with standard intervention compared with standard intervention alone. Data represented as change in serum IL-6 levels (Mean  $\pm$  SEM) in two comparable interventional group (n=62 per group). Significant at \*p<0.05, \*\*p<0.01, when compared before and after intervention at day 5, 12 and 45 in both interventional groups. [One-way ANOVA followed by dunnett's multiple comparison test]

The improvement (decrease) in mean serum IL-6 levels (pg/mL) of COVID-19 positive patients from day 0 to 5, 12 and 45 was significant  $(12.79\pm5.35 \text{ to } 4.01\pm0.36, 3.62\pm0.39 \text{ and } 2.70\pm0.24, *p<0.05, *p<0.05 **p<0.01)$ in Vedicainals-9 adjuvant group compared to the standard treatment alone  $(12.48\pm4.53 \text{ to } 5.91\pm1.53, 6.18\pm1.83 \text{ and } 2.98\pm0.68, p>0.05(ns), p>0.05(ns) \text{ and } **p<0.01).$ 

4. IL-6

## 5. D-Dimer



Fig 5 Effect of VEDICINALS-9 on serum D-Dimer levels ( $\mu$ g FEU/L) of COVID-19 positive patients from day 0 to 12 and 45. Data interpret following: comparison of serum D-Dimer levels ( $\mu$ g FEU/L) from day 0 to day 12 and 45, when vedicinals-9 (5000mg) adjuvant with standard intervention compared with standard intervention alone. Data represented as change in serum D-Dimer levels (Mean ± SEM) in two comparable interventional group (n=62 per group). Significant at \*p<0.05, \*\*p<0.01, when compared before and after intervention at day 12 and 45 in both interventional groups. [One-way ANOVA followed by dunnett's multiple comparison test].

The improvement (decrease) in mean serum D-Dimer levels ( $\mu g \ FEU/L$ ) of COVID-19 positive patients from day 0 to 12 and 45 was significant (416.7±43.45 to 351.8±28.48 and 261.5±14.15, p>0.05 (ns) and \*\*\*p<0.001) in Vedicainals-9 adjuvant group compared to the standard treatment alone (410.8±45.67 to 687.7±187.2 and 285.4±12.34, p>0.05 (ns) and p>0.05 (ns).



Fig 6 X-Ray findings of COVID-19 positive patients from day 0 to 45. Data interpret following: Percentage of COVID-19 positive patients from day 0 to day 45, when vedicinals9 5000mg adjuvant with

standard intervention compared with standard intervention alone. Data represented as percentage of patients with abnormal findings of X-ray in two comparable interventional group (n=62 per group).

Before the start of the treatment at day 0, 37.10% (23/62) of cases had abnormal x-ray findings in standard group and 90.32% (56/62) in vedicinals-9 adjuvant group. After  $12 \pm 2$  days of treatment, only 22.95% (14/61) of cases had abnormal findings in vedicinals-9 adjuvant group resulting in 77.05% (47/61) of cases with normal findings compared to standard group alone which showed no change at all from day 0.